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#### **ABU DHABI**

Title Population Genome Program

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Abu Dhabi

Date 2019

Description This program aims to be the first of its kind worldwide to

provide Emirati individuals with their own high-quality genome as a baseline and incorporate genomic data into

healthcare management.

Purpose:

 to provide an Arab reference genome to assist in the health of the population

 to equip physicians and other healthcare practitioners with high quality information and knowledge

to enable advanced diagnosis and treatment options

 to deliver personalized and prevention programs tailored to an individual's unique genetic makeup.

The Genome Program will have two stages:

a. Research Stage: That focuses on understanding the genetic variation of the population;

b. Strategy Stage: That aims to deliver improved health outcomes on the basis of research insights.

Policy Issues considered •

Website Population Genome Program

Cohort Size The project will be executed in phases. An initial phase

will be to sequence 100,000 samples.

Cohort Description Local population on voluntary basis

Type of Genomic Data Short and long read sequencing technology

Disease Area

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#### **AFRICA**

Title Human Heredity and Health in Africa (H3Africa)

Whitepaper

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Africa

Date 2011

Description

Policy Issues considered 

Collaborative Centers

Research Projects

Bioinformatics Networks

Biorepositories

Societal Implications research

Website H3Africa Whitepaper

Title H3Africa Initiative

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Africa

Date 2011

Description A network of NIH and Wellcome Trust funded research

sites located cross Africa. The overarching objectives of

the Consortium are to foster pan-continental

collaboration to nurture research and develop and

support African scientists

Policy Issues considered 

Collaborative Centers

Research Projects

Bioinformatics Networks

Biorepositories

Societal Implications research

Website H3Africa

Cohort Size Some studies in H3Africa may involve 10,000 or more

individuals

Cohort Description Initially, H3Africa will support two pilot studies:

interactions between disease-causing micro-organisms and human hosts and non-communicable disease. H3Africa will seek to understand the interaction between genetic susceptibilities and environmental changes — such as diet — that may be leading to the increased

incidence of these diseases

Type of Genomic Data Genomic tools will likely include genotyping chips used

in genome-wide association studies, WES and

eventually, WGS

Disease Area • Communicable diseases (Tuberculosis, Human

African Trypanosomiasis)

Non-communicable diseases (Sickle Cell Disease,

monogenic disorders, Stroke, Cardiovascular

disease, Hyper tension, Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus and

Obesity)

Pharmacogenomics

New and innovative ideas

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#### **ARAB STATES**

Title Centre for Arab Genomic Studies (CAGS)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Arab States

Date 2003

Description Arab Council of CAGS was formed in 2005 and since

2014 has had representations from Bahrain, Egypt, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia,

Sudan, and Tunisia

Policy Issues considered •

Catalogue of Transmission Genetics in Arabs

(CTGA) database

Communication and education through publications

 Research projects on genetic diseases in Arab populations such as rare skeletal abnormalities

Workforce training through the Pan Arab Human

**Genetics Conferences** 

Ethical. Legal and social issues

Website Centre for Arab Genomic Studies

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#### **ARGENTINA**

Title Precision Medicine Initiative

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Argentina

Date 2017

Description Aim was to establish the scientific know-how and protocols required to implement "omic" technologies in the clinical practice, by performing a proof of concept of the process in a small number of patients.

Three grants were awarded:

- Clinical Genomics of Pediatric Diseases
- Creation of a National Biobank
- Cancer Genomics.

Projects involve both healthcare institutions harboring NGS equipment and research groups from academia This project was developed following the creation of the Argentinean Genomic and Bioinformatic Platforms in 2012. This 4-year project, with the help and financing of the National Ministry of Science and Technology (MINCyT), aimed to develop and transfer genomic and bioinformatic knowledge as well as facilitate those services to public and private parties. During this period the first three whole genomes were entirely sequenced. Following this in 2016, another project was launched to sequence 100 exomes of patients with rare genetic disorders throughout the country, "100 Exomes Campaign".

Policy Issues considered •

- Development of targeted sequencing panels
- Biobanking

Website Argentina Precision Medicine Initiative

Earlier project 100 exomes Project

Cohort Size 1,000 (Precision Medicine Initiatives)

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas Pediatric and cancer

#### **ASIA**

Title GenomeAsia 100k

Type of initiative Population –specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Asia

Date

Description India, Singapore, Korea and USA. Looking to partner

with Pakistan, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Malaysia,

Indonesia, Myanmar, Nepal. Bhutan, Thailand, Vietnam,

Laos and Japan

Sequence and analyze 100,000 Asian individual's genomes to help accelerate Asian population specific

medical advances and precision medicine

Policy Issues considered

Website GenomeAsia

Cohort Size 100,000

**Cohort Description** Type of Genomic Data Disease Areas

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#### **AUSTRALIA**

Title National Health Genomics Policy Framework

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Australia

Date 2017 - 2020

Description

Policy Issues considered •

- Person-Centred Approach
- Genomics literate workforce
- Sustainable and strategic investment in cost-effective genomics
- Maximising quality, safety and clinical utility of genomics in health care
- Responsible collection, storage, use and management of genomic data

Along with enablers:

- Collaborative governance and leadership
- Stakeholder engagement
- National and international partnerships

Website Australian National Health Genomics Framework

**Draft Implementation Plan** 

Title Australian Genomics Health Futures Mission

Type of Initiative Complete Integration / Implementation Roadmap

Geographic Region Australia

Date 2018

Description The Government will invest \$500 million over 10 years in

an Australian Genomics Mission to help save or transform the lives of more than 200,000 Australians through research into better testing, diagnosis and

treatment.

The first project will be 'Mackenzie's Mission' – a new \$20 million trial in pre-conception screening for rare and debilitating genetic birth disorders, such as Spinal Muscular Atrophy, providing vital information and hope for hundreds of parents who face difficult choices in

starting a family.

Policy Issues considered Key features of the Australian Genomics Mission include:

- new and expanded clinical flagship studies to tackle rare diseases, rare cancers and complex conditions;
- new clinical trials and technology applications allowing Australian patients to benefit from the latest medical research:
- increased academic and researcher collaboration and new career pathways;
- co-investment with philanthropy and business to support new industries;
- community dialogue to better understand the value of genomics and gain appreciation of the privacy, legal, social and familial impact; and
- analytical power backed by national standards and protocols that ensure secure data holdings, access, analysis and sharing to benefit Australians.

Website Australia Genomics Health Futures Mission

Title Australian Genomics Health Alliance

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Australia

Date 2016 - 2020

Description AGHA funding of AUD\$25 million (NHMRC Grant)

Policy Issues considered • A national diagnostic and translational research

network

A national approach to data federation and analysis

Economic analysis and policy implications for the

health system

Genomic workforce, education and ethics

Website Australian Genomics

Cohort Size Approx. 4000 in 5 years

Cohort Description Patients from across Australia are being recruited into

Flagship projects, and the data from their clinical care will drive national diagnostic networks and provide evidence on the benefits of genomic medicine

Type of Genomic Data Targeted gene panels, WES, WGS, RNA sequencing,

Mitochondrial DNA sequencing (different clinical flagship

projects have different approaches)

Disease Areas Rare Diseases

Cancer

Title Sydney Genomics Collaborative

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Australia - New South Wales

Date 2014

Description

Policy Issues considered

Website Sydney Genomics Collaborative

Cohort Size Approx. 8,295

Cohort Description •

- Medical Genome Reference Bank approximately 4,000 whole genome sequences from healthy, aged people to be used for control purposes in diseasespecific genomic research
- NSW Genomics Collaborative Grants funding to undertake whole-genome sequencing to improve understanding of the genetic causes of disease
- Genomic Cancer Medicine Program a research program dedicated to applying genomics to the understanding, early detection, prevention and management of cancer including the Cancer Molecular Screening and Therapeutics (MoST) Program and Genetic Cancer Risk in the Young Study

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas •

- Schizophrenia
- Metastatic melanoma,
- mitochondrial disease
- congenital heart disease
- mendelian
- epilepsy
- rare disease
- blinding retinal dystrophy
- genetic disorders of bone
- inherited cardiomyopathies

Title NSW HEALTH – Genomics Strategy

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Australia - New South Wales

Date 2017

Description

Policy Issues considered • Leadership and governance

Focussed application: clinical need, validity and utility

Service delivery: commissioning and utilising

genomic technology

Genomic data and infrastructure: handling "big data"

Preparing the workforce for genomics

Community engagement: maintaining public trust and

confidence

Website NSW Health Genomics Strategy

Title Queensland Genomics Health Alliance (QGHA)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Australia - Queensland

Date 2016

Description

Policy Issues considered • Workforce Development

Evaluation of Clinical Genomics

Genomic Testing Innovation

Genomic Information Management

Ethics, Legal and Social Implications of Genomics

Website Queensland Genomics

Cohort Size

Cohort Description Patients will be recruited across a range of clinical

demonstration projects

Type of Genomic Data various

Disease Areas Round 1 disease areas are:

Melanoma

Lung cancer

Hospital acquired infections

Maturity onset diabetes of the young (MODY)

Title SA Genomics Health Alliance

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Australia – South Australia

Date 2017

Description

Policy Issues considered •

Develop an interactive genomics network with a visible state and national presence

 Ensure genomics services provided in South Australia are state of the art

 Integrate genomics into existing and future research and innovation activities

 Educate patients, healthcare professionals and researchers about genomics

 Reduce the barriers to accessing genomics technologies and support their implementation in healthcare

Website SA Genomics Health Alliance

Title Genetic and Genomic Healthcare for Victoria 2021

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Australia - Victoria

Date 2017

Additional Details Including genomic information into routine healthcare requires additional work such as:

- strengthening the healthcare system so that Victorians, regardless of their age, location or background, benefit from safe, fast and fair inclusion of genomic information into routine healthcare
- building trust so that Victorians are confident they are being provided with the best possible care and that their and their family's genomic information will be handled and used in accordance with their wishes
- raising awareness about the use of genomic information in healthcare, its benefits and limitations
- growing knowledge so that Victoria is a leader in using genomic information in routine healthcare

Policy Issues considered Four priorities identified for action in the first 12 to 24 months are:

- developing and implementing a state-wide genetic and genomic services plan to ensure more equitable access to appropriate and sustainable services
- establishing a genomic health clinical network to improve the safe and fair adoption of genomic healthcare practice by the health workforce
- undertaking community consultations to address some of the key ethical, legal and social issues associated with including genomic information into routine healthcare to inform Victorian Government policy and funding decisions
- reducing superbugs and improving detection of infectious disease outbreaks through strengthening of microbial genomics activities in Victoria to improve the health of Victorians

Website Genetic and Genomic Healthcare for Victoria 2021

Title Melbourne Genomics Health Alliance (MGHA)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Australia - Victoria

Date 2014-2019

Description

Policy Issues considered •

 assessing the impact of genomic sequencing for patients in 16 different disease areas

 building genomic knowledge and experience among healthcare professionals

 establishing Alliance-wide systems to support genomic sequencing in practice for the benefit of patients, doctors, laboratory scientists and medical researchers

Website Melbourne Genomics

Cohort Size 3854 across demonstration and current clinical projects

Cohort Description Current phase 2016-2019 - 11 disease areas spanning

adult and paediatric medicine and bacterial analysis. Patients invited to participate will have genomic sequencing at the same time as their usual care

Type of Genomic Data various

Disease Areas •

- Hereditary neuropathies (also called CMT)
- Focal epilepsy
- Hereditary colorectal cancer
- Acute myeloid leukaemia (AML) and bone marrow transplants
- Immunology
- Dilated cardiomyopathy
- Congenital deafness
- Childhood syndromes
- Complex care in children
- Advanced non-Hodgkin lymphoma
- Advanced solid cancers
- Bone marrow failure
- Controlling superbugs
- Complex neurological and neurodegenerative diseases
- Genetic kidney disease
- Perinatal autopsy

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# **Belgium**

Title	Genomics and public health in Belgium
Type of initiative	Policy / Implementation Framework
Geographic Region	Belgium
Date	2010
Description	Information translated from French
Policy Issues considered	<ul> <li>Structure of translational research in Belgium</li> <li>Translational research and its funding</li> <li>Promoting Collaboration in Translational Research</li> <li>Review and evaluation of clinical utility and validity of genetic testing</li> <li>Regulation of genetic testing</li> <li>Encouraging innovation in the biotechnology and healthcare sectors</li> <li>Integrating genomics into everyday practice</li> </ul>
Website	Genomics and Public Health in Belgium

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#### **BRAZIL**

Title Brazilian Initiative on Precision Medicine (BIPMed)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Brazil

Date 2015

Description

Policy Issues considered • Focus on genomic databases and data sharing

through beacons

Website Brazilian Initiative on Precision Medicine

Cohort Size Multiple disease specific cohorts

Cohort Description BIPMed-WES-db provides information obtained from

Whole Exome Sequencing experiments and includes

106 subjects

<u>BIPMed-Array-db</u> contemplates 264 individuals and the data were obtained from microarray-based experiments

(Affymetrix GenomeWide SNP 6.0 array)

BIPMed-EE-db provides information about specific

mutations found in patients with different types of

epileptic encephalopathies

BIPMed Craniofacial Anomalies: Brazilan Molecular

Database on Craniofacial Anomalies is the genotype of 253 variants in 41 genes, with 358 Healthy individuals

with no history of oral clefting in the past three

generations, and 157 patients with Non-syndromic Cleft

Lip and Palate

BIPMed-BRCA: Brazilian node of the BRCA Challenge

of the Global Alliance for Genomics and Health (GA4GH) shows variants found in the Brazilian

population

Type of Genomic Data various

Disease Areas Epileptic encephalopathies, Craniofacial Anomalies,

Breast cancer and related cancers

Title Human Genome and Stem-Cell Research Center (HUG-

CEL)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Brazil

Date 2013

Description The Human Genome and Stem-Cell Research Center (HUG-CEL) at the University of São Paulo (USP) expands the scope of the original Human Genome Research Center (HGRC/RIDC I) that was established in 2000. The original center concentrated initially on Mendelian disorders, mainly neuromuscular, craniofacial, and mental disabilities. These activities were expanded in 2005 through the introduction of stem cell research in an effort to understand gene expression and differentiation in complex genetic disorders such as autism and amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and to evaluate stem cell-based disease therapy The current center has been expanded to include research into the genetics and genomic instability associated with aging and degenerative diseases, epigenetic mechanisms involved in disease manifestation, and phenotypic variability between individuals with identical Mendelian disease mutations. In addition, the 'Over 80' project will compare genome variation and brain functioning (MRI) of healthy Brazilians over age 80 with a group of people over age 60 without prior selection based on good health

Policy Issues considered •

- research on stem cell and human genetic disease
- diagnostic services that includes clinical and laboratory evaluation of affected persons and counselling for their families
- educational and teaching programs that aim to bring the latest breakthroughs in Genetics and stem cell research to high school students and teachers and present relevant information to health workers and science journalists

Website HUG-CEL

Title DNA do Brasil

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Brazil

Date 2019

Description Project intends to sequence the complete genomes of

approximately 15,000 Brazilians that are already part of the Elsa Brasil study (a Longitudinal Study of Adult Health which aims to investigate over 20 years the

factors behind chronic diseases).

Policy Issues considered •

Website DNA do Brasil

Cohort Size 15,000

Cohort Description Public servants from 35 to 74 years old, in six Brazilian

cities - São Paulo (USP) ), Belo Horizonte (UFMG), Porto Alegre (UFRGS), Salvador (UFBA), Rio de Janeiro

(Fiocruz) and Vitória (UFES).

Type of Genomic Data
Disease Areas

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#### **CANADA**

Title Genome Canada Strategic Plan 2012-17

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Canada

Date 2012-2017

Description Plan is broader than medicine and health but objectives

apply to health as well as other sectors

Policy Issues considered Respond to societal r

 Respond to societal needs by generating discoveries and accelerating their translation into applications

 Attract greater investment in genomics research from a broad range of stakeholders, in particular the

private sector

 Enhance the impact of genomics by transforming knowledge of the ethical, environmental, economic, legal and social challenges and opportunities into

sound policies and practices

 Enhance recognition of the value of genomics by increasing stakeholder appreciation of genome science, its applications and its implications

Website Genome Canada Strategic Plan

Title Genome Canada

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Canada

Date 2000-current

Description Genome Canada is a not-for-profit organization, funded by the Canadian Government to act as a catalyst for developing and applying genomics and genomic-based technologies to create economic and social benefits for Canadians

> Genome Canada designs and administers a suite of programs with funding in three core investment areas:

- Large-Scale Science supports projects using genomic approaches to address challenges in Canada's economic sectors, as well as strategic initiative programs that address national and international opportunities. These programs also include genomics-related research undertaken from the perspective of the social sciences and humanities - known as GE3LS research (i.e. genomics and its ethical, environmental, economic, legal and social aspects)
- Leading-Edge Technologies support for Genomics Technology Platforms to ensure that Canadian researchers have access to the latest technologies, as well as for programs in technology development, bioinformatics and computational biology
- Translation programs that bring genomics-derived solutions to needs in industry, the public sector and society at large

Policy Issues considered

Website Genome Canada

Cohort Size

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas

Title Genome Canada National Initiative for the Clinical

Implementation of Precision Health

Type of Initiative Complete Integration / Implementation Roadmap

Geographic Region Canada

Date 2018

Description Genome Canada launched a national initiative for the

clinical implementation of precision health, focusing on a rare disease pilot program as a foundational step.
This program promises every rare disease patient in Canada the opportunity for a diagnosis and hope for treatment. By establishing shared and effective policies, processes, techniques and technologies, it will also form the first step towards a national roll-out of precision

health for all Canadians.

Policy Issues considered Broadly, the national strategy/pilot initiative features three main components:

 a national rare disease cohort is envisioned to be established through the collection and sequencing of 30,000 samples from rare disease patients and their families.

 a national platform is being set up to provide mechanisms and best practices for the collection and sharing of data, including privacy policies, informed consent and other ethical and legal frameworks.

 clinical implementation will advance through working with provincial and regional centres and partners to establish clinical sites and achieve regulatory approval and accreditation.

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Website Genome Canada National Initiative for the Clinical Implementation of Precision Health

Title CanDIG - Canadian Distributed Infrastructure for

Genomics

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Canada

Date

Description Fully distributed platform that allows national-scale,

privacy-maintaining analyses of locally-controlled data

sets

Policy Issues considered

Website CanDIG

Cohort Size

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas

Title Genome BC - A Genomics Strategy for British

Columbia's Health Sector

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Canada - British Columbia

Date 2015

Description

Policy Issues considered •

- Scientific understanding and technical capabilities
- Alignment and prioritization
- Health information technology (IT) infrastructure, tools, and governance
- Clinical and laboratory infrastructure and capabilities
- Regulatory guidelines
- Harmonized ethical consent
- Privacy and anti-discrimination policies and legislation
- Reimbursement guidelines
- Healthcare professional capacity, awareness, training and adoption

Website Genome BC Health Sector Strategy

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#### **CHINA**

Title China Precision Medicine Initiative

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region China

Date 2016

Description Broader than genomics.

US\$9.2 billion, 15-year project as part of China's 13th

Five-Year Plan (2016-2020)

Policy Issues considered

Website China Precision Medicine

Cohort Size Initial phase - Beijing Institute of Genomics under the

Chinese Academy of Science will spend four years collecting genetic information of 4,000 volunteers

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data WGS (2000 volunteers)

Disease Area

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#### **HONG KONG (SAR CHINA)**

Title Hong Kong Genome Project (HKGP)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Hong Kong – S.A.R, China

Date 2019

Description To perform 20 000 cases (or 40 000 to 50 000 whole

genome sequencing) in two phases for a period of six

years; with

 a) the pilot phase (2 000 cases or about 5 000 genomes) to cover patients with undiagnosed disorders, and cancers with clinical clues linked to possible hereditary components and

b) the main phase (18 000 cases or 45 000 genomes) to expand the coverage to other

diseases and research cohorts which could benefit from whole genome sequencing.

The 2019-20 Budget reserved \$1.2 billion (Hong Kong dollars - 155 million U.S. dollars) to take forward the HKGP in six years. The Government will set up the Hong Kong Genome Institute (HKGI), a company limited by quarantee wholly owned by the Government, to

guarantee wholly owned by the Government, to coordinate the implementation of the HKGP in partnership with Food and Health Bureau (FHB), the Department of Health, the Hospital Authority.

universities, private hospitals, and the research and

development sector.

Policy Issues considered The project will promote the clinical application of

genomic medicine by acquiring genomic data from the local population, establishing testing facilities, and

nurturing talent.

Website Hong Kong Genome Project

Cohort Size 20,000

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas Initially undiagnosed disorders and hereditary cancers

Title Strategic Development of Genomic Medicine in Hong

Kong (the Strategy)

Type of Initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Hong Kong – S.A.R, China

Date 2020

Description A blueprint to drive the local development of genomic

medicine in order to harness its huge potential in precise diagnoses, personalised treatment and surveillance of

diseases.

Policy Issues considered The recommendations of the strategy include:

launching the Hong Kong Genome Project

enhancing clinical services in genetics and genomics

nurturing talents in genomic medicine

enhancing public engagement in genomic medicine

 enhancing the laboratory network with effective referral mechanism and centralisation of advanced genetic and genomic tests

facilitating the establishment of a biobank network for genomic research

 enhancing the regulation on use of genetic data for insurance and employment purposes

promoting the proper use of genetic and genomic tests

Website Strategic Development of Genomic Medicine in Hong

Kong

Hong Kong Food and Health Bureau

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#### **DENMARK**

Title Genome Denmark

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Denmark

Date

Description A national platform for sequencing and bioinformatics,

which includes universities, hospitals and private firms.

The platform is established through two large

demonstration projects and investments in technological

equipment

The project is focussed on anti-cancer vaccines and the

establishment of a Danish reference genome

Policy Issues considered

Website Genome Denmark

Cohort Size

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas

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Title	National Strategy for Personalised Medicine
Type of Initiative	Policy / Implementation Framework
Geographic Region	Denmark
Date	2017-2020
Description	Lays the tracks for the use of Personalised Medicine in the Danish healthcare system – and for the research that is to realise the potential of Personalised Medicine.
Policy Issues considered	<ul> <li>Transparent governance structure with nationwide involvement</li> <li>Clear legal framework addressing ethical principles and data privacy and security</li> <li>Patients and citizens must be involved</li> <li>A technological infrastructure with secure, efficient and equal access</li> <li>Genomics research must be international and deeply integrated in the healthcare system</li> <li>Tools and competencies to use genetic data</li> <li>Denmark must have an attractive development environment in relation to personalised medicine</li> </ul>
Website	National Strategy for Personalised Medicine

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#### **DUBAI**

Title Dubai Genomics

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Dubai

Date 2018

Description Plan to sequence the DNA of the entire population, in a

bid to improve the health of the 3 million residents.

Policy Issues considered Phase I focuses to build the necessary infrastructure for

genomic medicine and starts large-scale whole-genome sequencing. Phase II aimed at creating novel artificial intelligence capability to help with complex sequence analysis layered with longitudinal data with the focus on the accurate prediction of risks associated with genetic-related illnesses. Phase III focuses on the science of precision medicine by collaborating with interested pharmaceutical companies and academia to identify and

design the drugs of the future.

Website **Dubai Genomics** 

Cohort Size Population of 3 million

Cohort Description Entire population – unclear if voluntary or can opt out

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas

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#### **ESTONIA**

Title Estonian Genome Center of the University of Tartu

(EGCUT) Development Plan for 2015-2021

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Estonia

Date 2015-2021

Description Estonian Biobank (EGCUT) is a population-based longitudinal biobank established in 2000 and representing about 5% of Estonia's adult population (i.e. a total of 52,000 participants). The whole cohort of the EGCUT is now fully genotyped and 2,500 individuals have been whole-genome sequenced.

> In 2018 the Estonian government allocated €5 million for a new initiative to recruit and genotype 100,000 new biobank participants as part of its National Personalized Medicine program. The project is implemented according to Estonia's Human Genes Research Act using the same broad consent form used for the first 50,000 participants in the Estonian Biobank. The project aims to collect the DNA of 100,000 individuals and generate personalised genetic reports for the participants using the Illumina Global Screening Array. The project will link genetic data with the Estonian National Health Information System, to enable physicians to take people's personal genetic information into account when assessing health risks. Sample collection began in April 2018.

#### Policy Issues considered •

- Management and development of the genome bank goal is to create "gene cards" with DNA microchips for all gene donors and sequence at least 5,000 full genomes by 2020
- Providing feedback to gene donors carry out a continuing education program in order to prepare family practitioners and other appropriately qualified doctors for offering first-line genetic counselling
- Linking research with the development activities international collaborations, participation in international biobanking networks and delivery of Estonian Health Insurance Fund tests
- Studies developing post graduate study materials
- Strengthening the material base maintaining and upgrading research infrastructure including sequencing equipment, information management and decision support software
- Ensuring the functionality of the organisation maintain ISO standards, integrate data sources such as national registries and EHRs and start providing feedback to donors

	<ul> <li>Serving society - apply the results from the genetic studies for the improvement of overall public health</li> <li>Outreach - informing the public of new technologies and achievements in medical genetics via national and international training programs, conferences, information days and the internet</li> <li>Linking genetic data with the Estonian National Health Information System</li> </ul>
Website	Estonian Genome Center  Estonian Government give 100,000 Estonians information about their genetic risks
Cohort Size	Original project - 5,000 full genomes by 2020 2018 Project - 100,000 Illumina Global Screening Array
Cohort Description	
Type of Genomic Data	WGS and Illumina Global Screening Array
Disease Area	

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#### **EUROPE**

Title Shaping Europe's Vision for Personalised Medicine Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA)

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Europe

Date 2015

Description Implementation of personalised medicine as opposed to

genomics specifically but similar policy issues

(27 organisations from 14 countries across Europe)

Policy Issues considered • Developing Awareness and Empowerment

Integrating Big Data and ICT Solutions

Translating Basic to Clinical Research and Beyond

Bringing Innovation to the Market

Shaping Sustainable Healthcare

Website Shaping Europe's Vision for Personalised Medicine

Title Ubiquitous Pharmacogenomics (U-PGx)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Europe

Date 2016

Description Horizon 2020 funded - €14,9 million, duration of 60

months (kick off January 2016)

The Netherlands, Spain, UK, Italy, Austria, Greece,

Slovenia

#### Policy Issues considered •

- Enabling pre-emptive testing Shared guidelines, genotyping technology, training and education, IT solutions and clinical decision support systems
- Implementation of pre-emptive PGx testing (PREPARE study) - clinical implementation and evaluation (Netherlands, Spain, Austria, Italy Greece Slovenia and UK) and HTA / cost effectiveness analysis
- Implement pre-emptive genotyping of a -PREemptive Pharmacogenomic testing for prevention of Adverse drug REactions (PREPARE)
- Next step in the future systems pharmacology and gene-drug-drug interactions and NGS
- ELSI, dissemination and communication dissemination and communication, and legal and societal implications

#### Website <u>Ubiquitous Pharmacogenomics</u>

Cohort Size 8,100 in PREPARE study - panel of more than 40 variants in 13 pharmaco-genes in a prospective, international, block-randomized, controlled study

Cohort Description Within 3 years, starting January 1, 2017, 8,100 patients will be pre-emptively tested for more than 40 clinically relevant PGx markers across 13 important pharmacogenes. For 4,050 patients, their results will be used by their healthcare providers to guide the dose and drug selection and the other half of patients assigned to the control group will receive standard of care but will be provided with their results after the study ends. Data on therapy outcome and other parameters collected during the study period will be analyzed in 2020

Type of Genomic Data PGx markers and panels of PGx markers

#### Therapeutic Drug groups •

- Antiarrhythmic
- Analgesic
- Anticancer
- Anticoagulation
- Antidepressant
- Antiepileptic
- Antihypertensive
- Anti-infective
- Antipsychotic

- Cholesterol-lowering
- Immune-suppressive
- Other Atomoxetine and 2<sup>nd</sup> prescription oestrogen containing drug

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#### **FINLAND**

Title	Improving Health through the use of Genomic Data
Type of initiative	Policy / Implementation Framework
Geographic Region	Finland
Date	2015
Description	
Policy Issues considered	<ul> <li>Ethical principles and legislation govern the responsible use of genomic data</li> <li>Genomics research is closely integrated into healthcare</li> <li>Healthcare professionals have the knowledge and skills to use genomic data</li> <li>Finland has information systems enabling the effective use of genomic data</li> <li>Genomic data are widely used in healthcare based on individual and population needs</li> <li>Individuals are able to make use of genomic data in their own lives</li> <li>Finland is an internationally attractive research and business environment in the field of genomics</li> </ul>
Website	Finland's Genome Strategy

Title FINNGEN

Type of Initiative Demonstration project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Finland

Date 2017 - 2023

Description The FinnGen study is based on a public-private

partnership between Finnish universities, biobanks,

hospital districts, and several international pharmaceutical companies, to drive research,

implementation, and economic development in the field

of personalized medicine.

The project is expected to continue for ten years, with a

budget of €59M. Funding comes from seven

international pharmaceutical companies and Business Finland. The active phase during which biobank samples are collected and genotyped is planned to continue for six years. The FinnGen Project is divided into two phases, FinnGen 1 (years 1-3) and FinnGen 2 (years 4-

6)

Policy Issues considered The FinnGen study will utilise samples collected by a

nationwide network of Finnish biobanks. The study is based on combining genome information with digital health care data from national health registries. The FinnGen study plans to utilise 500 000 unique samples collected by a nationwide network of Finnish

biobanks.

The project aims to produce close to complete genome variant data of 500 000 biobank participants using GWAS genotyping. The GWAS data are combined with phenotype data produced from several national health

registries.

Website FINNGEN

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#### **FRANCE**

Title French Plan for Genomic Medicine 2025.

Type of initiative Demonstration project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region France

Date 2016

Description Focus on cancer, rare diseases, complex diseases

Policy Issues considered • Establish instruments for a genomic care pathway

Ensure operational development and expansion of the system in a safe technical, ethical framework

Establish monitoring and steering tools to make the adjustments required throughout implementation of the Plan while ensuring public involvement

Website French Plan for Genomic Medicine

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#### **GLOBAL**

Title The International Cancer Genome Consortium for

Medicine (ICGCmed) Whitepaper

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Global

Date 2016

Description Implement the ambitious project of analyzing the

genomes of more than 200,000 patients by the end of 2025 and linking this data to high-quality clinical information including treatment information and

outcomes

Policy Issues considered • Scientific and technical knowledge and standards

Data Management and coordination

Clinical Data coordination

Ethics and Policy

Communications and Outreach

Website International Cancer Genome Consortium

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#### **INDIA**

Title National Biotechnology Development Strategy

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region India

Date 2015 - 2020

Description Plan is broader than medicine and health and genomics

but there are a number of genomic medicine specific

actions

Policy Issues considered • Human genome research and development

Availability of genome engineering technologies

Bioinformatics support

Website India National Biotechnology Development Strategy

Title GenomeIndia Initiative & Genome India Project

Type of Initiative Population –specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region India

Date 2017

Description Initiative to sequence thousands of Indian individuals

belonging to different geographic locations and diverse population groups in order to unravel details of the Indian genome. Building a catalogue of genetic variations will pave the way for conducting better research on genetic disorders and will also enable physicians to provide accurate diagnosis of genetic disorders at a much cheaper price in the near future. In 2019 the Department of Biotechnology (DBT) announced the first phase of an initiative called the Genome India project which will catalogue the genomic

data of 10,000 Indians by involving 22 partner

organisations including public health institutions. Data will be collected over three years and linked to biobanks

and biorepository.

Policy Issues considered

Website GenomeIndia Initiative

Genome India Project

Cohort Size Over 2000 individuals (GenomeIndia Initiative)

Up to 10,000 individuals (Genome India Project)

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas

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#### Iran

Title Iranome

Type of Initiative Population –specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Iran

Date 2017

Description Established the Iranome database (www.iranome.com)

by performing whole exome sequencing on 800

individuals from eight major ethnic groups in Iran. The groups included 100 healthy individuals from each of the following ethnic groups: Arabs, Azeris, Balochs, Kurds, Lurs, Persians, Persian Gulf Islanders and Turkmen.

They represent over 80 million Iranians.

Policy Issues considered

Website Iranome

Cohort Size 800

Cohort Description Health individuals from major ethnic groups

Type of Genomic Data WES

Disease Areas

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#### **ISRAEL**

Title Project 10K

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Israel

Date 2019

Description Project 10K is a long-term observational study to gather

information on lifestyle and illness in an Israeli

population. It monitors the population of subjects over time in order to find a relationship or relationship between exposure to certain factors and the onset of illness. The study uses advanced techniques to

personally characterize a unique group of 10,000 people

in Israel.

Policy Issues considered Project 10K is a clinical study to find novel diagnostic,

prognostic, and therapeutic biomarkers for diseases based on applying state of the art machine learning methods to deep phenotypic and multi-omics

measurements of 10,000 human volunteers over a 10-

year period.

Website Project 10K

Cohort Size 10,000

Cohort Description people aged 40-70

Type of Genomic Data low-pass sequencing to gather accurate genome-wide

genetic data and oral microbiome data

**Disease Areas** 

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# **ITALY**

Title The policy of public health genomics in Italy Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework Geographic Region Italy Date 2013 Description Information translated from Italian Definition of areas of intervention of public health genomics (PHG) Collection of evidence on current PHG experience in Italy Definition of the best instruments for the promotion of genome-based knowledge among health professionals and citizens Development of evidence-based recommendations for the appropriate use of genetic testing of complex Identification of the critical points for the translation of genomics into clinical practice

Policy Issues considered •

- Define the policy and system setup
- Exercise Influence on Interlocutors
- Ensuring the implementation of policies
- Establish and maintain collaboration and partnerships
- Ensuring accountability
- Knowledge-Based Management

Website Italian Public Health Genomics Policy

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#### **JAPAN**

Title Implementation of Genomic Medicine Project

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Japan

Date 2014

Description FY2014 budget: JP¥ 5,5B

Goals to be achieved by 2015

- Construct biobank network
- Establish Central Genome Center (CGC) and Medical Genome Center (MGC)
- Construct Japanese reference genome sequence (Japanese RefSeq)
- Build comprehensive genomic variation database linked to clinical phenotypes

Goals to be achieved by 2020–30

- Improvements for the medical and health care of lifestyle diseases
- Establish predictive diagnostics for cancer incidence and severe Adverse Drug Reactions
- Start clinical genomic research for depression and dementia
- Clarify the pathogenesis of neurological diseases, etc

#### Policy Issues considered •

- Biobank Network BioBank Japan, National Center Biobank Network, Tohoku Medical Megabank Project
- Large scale genomic research Central Genome Center
- Clinical application of genomic information Medical Genome Center

Website Japan Implementation of Genomic Medicine Project

Cohort Size BioBank Japan - Disease-oriented, 200,000 patients National Center Biobank Network - disease-oriented biobanks through 6 national centers

> Tohoku Medical Megabank Project - Population-based biobank, long-term survey of disaster residents 150,000 local residents (local-resident cohort (80,000 people)

and three-generation cohort (70,000 people))

**Cohort Description** Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas •

- autism
- cancer childhood, lung, breast, prostate
- epilepsy
- depression
- stroke
- diabetes
- congenital heart disease
- dementia
- diabetic nephropathy
- drug side effects

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# **KOREA (South)**

Title	Genomic Medicine in Korea: Plan and Infrastructure Genome Technology to Business Translation Program
Type of initiative	Policy / Implementation Framework
Geographic Region	South Korea
Date	2014-2021
Description	Plan is broader than medicine and health. It has a non-health component and infrastructure components.
Policy Issues considered	<ul> <li>Translational genomics for personalized medicine</li> <li>Support for translational medicine</li> <li>Production &amp; utilization of Korean genomics research resources</li> <li>Ethics &amp; legal &amp; social implications (ELSI)</li> <li>Joint projects</li> </ul>
Website	Genomic Medicine in Korea
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# **MEXICO**

Title	National Institute of Genomic Medicine (INMEGEN)
Type of initiative	Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative
Geographic Region	Mexico
Date	2004-2009
Description	
Policy Issues considered	<ul> <li>Build an innovative organizational design: INMEGEN system</li> <li>Establish the initial infrastructure</li> <li>Make strategic alliances for the Nationwide Development of Genomic Medicine</li> <li>Perform high-quality scientific research in genomic medicine</li> <li>Apply world-class genomic technology to common health problems</li> <li>Reach excellence in teaching and training programs</li> <li>Support scientific research and academic programs</li> <li>Comply and investigate on ethical, social, and legal issues</li> <li>Translate scientific knowledge into products and services</li> </ul>
Website	National Institute of Genomic Medicine Mexico
Cohort Size	
Cohort Description	
Type of Genomic Data	various
Disease and Research Areas	<ul> <li>Construction of a 1,500,000 SNPs Haplotype Map of the Mexican population</li> <li>Genomic structure of Mestizo and Amerindian populations</li> <li>DNA copy number variation in Mestizo and Amerindian populations</li> <li>Common complex diseases:         <ul> <li>Diabetes Mellitus</li> <li>Cardiovascular diseases</li> <li>Obesity</li> <li>Autoimmune diseases (SLE, RA, others)</li> <li>Asthma</li> <li>Age-related macular degeneration</li> </ul> </li> <li>Cancer Genomics and Proteomics:         <ul> <li>Breast</li> <li>Lung</li> <li>Gastric</li> <li>Prostate</li> <li>Thyroid</li> <li>Melanoma</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Pharmacogenomics</li><li>Nutrigenomics</li></ul>
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## **NETHERLANDS**

Title Genome of the Netherlands (GoNL)

Type of initiative Population –specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Netherlands

Date

Description DNA of 750 Dutch people-250 trio's of two parents and

an adult child-plus a global genetic profile of large numbers of Dutch will disclose a wealth of new information, new insights, and possible applications

Policy Issues considered

Website Genome of the Netherlands

Cohort Size 750

Cohort Description 250 trio's of two parents and an adult child

Type of Genomic Data Disease Areas

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# **NEW ZEALAND**

Title Genomics Aotearoa (GA)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region New Zealand

Date 2017

Description The Government is investing \$35 million over 7 years in

this new cross-institutional advanced genomics research platform in order to produce high quality research

capability for the whole science sector.GA will cement

national collaborations between genomics and bioinformatics researchers and users, across theme

areas of health, environment and primary production

Policy Issues considered •

- delivery of a national genomics data repository and bioinformatics analytical platform
- strengthen international linkages
- development of an indigenous genomics platform which embeds Māori management of indigenous

genomics research practice and data

undertake a suite of nationally significant and enabling research activities - in the health area this includes understanding the variation in the genomes of the New Zealand population, which will be used by health providers to improve diagnosis and prognosis of disease and genetic conditions

Website Genomics Aotearoa

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## **Nordic countries**

Title The Nordic Alliance for Clinical Genomics (NACG)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Nordic countries - - Norway, Denmark, Iceland, Sweden,

Finland

Date 2018

Description NACG aims to:

Facilitate the responsible sharing of genomic data, bioinformatics tools, sequencing methods and best practices for interpretation of genomic data.

Enhance quality of genomic data and processes, and explore methodologies to provide assurance.

Understand legal barriers to the implementation of personalised medicine and to engage with key stakeholders that influence these barriers

Develop demonstration projects that challenge perceived legal barriers that limit responsible and ethical sharing of genomic and health data.

Build bridges between research and clinical communities, technologies and practices to foster innovation

Policy Issues considered

Website The Nordic Alliance for Clinical Genomics (NACG)

Cohort Size **Cohort Description** Type of Genomic Data Disease Areas

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# **NORWAY**

Title BigMed

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Norway

Date 2018

Description The aim is to identify and address the bottlenecks for

clinical implementation of precision medicine and lay the

foundation for an ICT platform to facilitate the development of data driven decision support.

Policy Issues considered The work in BigMed is organized through four clinical

areas: rare diseases, colorectal cancer, sudden cardiac

death and frost bites.

The suggested solutions will be based on the clinical needs identified in each disease area and will focus on

the following themes:

ICT infrastructure and data provisioning

legal and ethical considerations

bioinformatic pipelines and data sharing

Website BigMed

Cohort Size

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas Rare diseases, colorectal cancer, sudden cardiac death and

frost bites

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#### **PHILIPPINES**

Title Philippine Genome Center (PGC)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Philippines

Date 2009

Description A multidisciplinary institution that combines basic and

applied research for the development of health and therapeutic products, and improved agriculture and

aquatic resources.

The mission is a deeper understanding and judicious application of advanced knowledge and emerging technologies in genomics and bioinformatics in health and medicine, agriculture, biodiversity, forensics and ethnicity, industry and the environment for the benefit of

Filipinos and the rest of humanity.

Policy Issues considered The goals are:

- implement and promote research program-driven agenda on identified priority areas of national need and of competitive advantage in order to achieve a leading position in the country, region, and in the world
- train future scientists, researchers and experts in genomics and bioinformatics
- promote a link between academic research, government and private industries for the development of genome-based applications
- provide access to state-of-the-art tools for genomic research and bioinformatics in order to strengthen the academic and research infrastructure of the country

Website Philippine Genome Center

Cohort Size

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas Infectious diseases such Dengue and Influenza

Pharmacogenomics Type 2 Diabetes

Hypertension, Dyslipidemia and Coronary Artery

Disease

Colorectal Cancer

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# **QATAR**

Title Qatar Genome

Type of Initiative Population–specific genetic variation study

Complete Integration

Geographic Region Middle East

Date 2015

Description The Qatar Genome Programme (QGP) is a population-

based project generating large databases combining whole genome sequencing and other omics data with the comprehensive phenotypic data collected at Qatar

Biobank.

Policy Issues considered • Ethical and Social implications

Data and Information

Website **Qatar Genome** 

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# **SAUDIA ARABIA**

Title Saudi Human Genome Program (SGP)

Type of initiative Population-specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Saudi Arabia

Date 2013

Description ~SAR300 Million budget over 3 years

A 3-year project to find the genes responsible for the

genetic diseases that impact the Kingdom, by sequencing the genomes of 20,000 subjects,

representing both the general population, and all the

major diseases

Policy Issues considered

Website Saudi Human Genome Program

Cohort Size 20,000

Cohort Description General population and all major diseases

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas The project will focus on all rare severe (early onset)

diseases in the early phases, and then on the highest

impact common diseases:

Rare Disease:

o Anemia

o Blindness

Deafness

Skeletal Deformation

Mental Retardation

Common Disease:

o Cardiovascular

Diabetes

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# **SINGAPORE**

Title POLARIS (Personalized OMIC Lattice for Advanced

Research and Improving Stratification)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Singapore

Date 2013

Description POLARIS was established by A\*STAR in 2013 to pilot

the application of clinical genomics in the treatment and diagnosis of medical diseases in Singapore and the

region

Policy Issues considered • Working with Ministry of Health and other national

bodies to ensure that the deployment of new

technologies is accompanied by a robust framework

for informed patient consent

Website POLARIS Singapore

**Cohort Size** 

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data Panels, WES

Disease Areas • Eye Disease

Cancer panels and stratification

Tuberculosis

Rare diseases (undiagnosed disease in children)

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#### **SOUTH AFRICA**

Title Southern African Human Genome Programme (SAHGP)

Type of initiative Population –specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region South Africa

Date 2011 -

Description A national and regional initiative that aims to unlock the

unique genetic character of southern African populations Its vision is to improve quality of life by understanding human genetic diversity, to be achieved via the following

objectives:

 developing capacity for genomic research in southern Africa

2. establishing a sustainable resource for genomic research (including a regional sample repository and database)

3. translating the information and knowledge into improvements in human health

The programme aims to make a significant contribution to understanding DNA variation among southern Africans and how this affects the health of the people of

the region

Policy Issues considered

Website Southern African Human Genome Programme (SAHGP)

Cohort Size Pilot study - 24 individuals

Cohort Description Pilot study - 8 Coloured and 16 black south-eastern

Bantu-speakers)

Type of Genomic Data deep whole-genome sequencing

Disease Areas

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#### **SPAIN**

Title CIBERER (Center for Network Research on Rare

Diseases)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Spain

Date 2006

Description CIBERER aims to develop high quality cooperative and innovative research into rare diseases, fostering the transfer of results to clinical practice. The specific objectives are mainly based on the development of new treatments and improving access to diagnosis of rare diseases.

#### Aims:

- Establish and provide access to data, standardised relevant information in rare diseases
- Carry out molecular and clinical characterisation of rare diseases
- Further translational, preclinical and clinical research into rare diseases
- Rationalise the ethical procedures and rules in rare diseases

Policy Issues considered The Genetic Medicine Programme objectives are:

- to lead the development of innovations in genomic platforms
- to provide support for preclinical research on rare epilepsies and related diseases, including Lafora disease
- to promote physiopathological study for its therapeutic application and diagnosis in rare and complement-mediated vascular pathologies

Website CIBERER

Cohort Size **Cohort Description** Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas Rare diseases

- Lafora disease and other rare genetic epilepsies
- Neuromuscular diseases: muscular dystrophies, spinal muscular atrophy
- Vascular and immune system diseases; disorders affecting the vascular endothelium causing pathologies such as HHT and complement deficiencies.

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# **SWEDEN**

Title SweGen

Type of initiative Population –specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Sweden

Date

Description A dataset that contains whole-genome variant

frequencies for 1000 Swedish individuals generated

within the SweGen project

Policy Issues considered

Website SweGen

Cohort Size 1000

**Cohort Description** 

Type of Genomic Data

Disease Areas

Title Genomic Medicine Sweden (GMS)

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Sweden

Date August 2017 - July 2018

Description 1 991 250 kronor will be invested to provide detailed

information on how precision medicine can be implemented in a coordinated manner within Swedish healthcare. Specific Objectives:

- 1) Investigate and Propose Organization for GMS
- 2) Define Implementation Strategies and Design Pilot Studies for Unusual Hereditary Diseases and Cancer
- 3) Investigate two key challenges: Health Economics and Informatics
- 4) Ensure continued commitment and resources for the next phase of the Project Implementation of Genomic Medicine in Healthcare

Long-term goal, sequencing of approximately 25,000 patients annually. National resource for academia and industry for the development of pharmaceuticals, diagnostics and software.

Policy Issues considered Health Economics

Informatics

Website Genomic Medicine Sweden and Karolinska Institutet

Cohort Size

Cohort Description The primary focus will be patients with rare inherited diseases and cancer, but sequencing will also be performed in other areas such as in complex diseases and the microbiome.

Type of Genomic Data Disease Areas

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#### **SWITZERLAND**

Title Swiss Personalised Health Network (SPHN)

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region Switzerland

Date 2016

Description A national initiative designed to promote the

development of personalized medicine and personalized

health in Switzerland

During the period 2017–2020, priority is given to the

development of a nationally coordinated data

infrastructure ensuring data interoperability of local and regional information systems with special emphasis on clinical data management systems enabling effective exchange of patient data (e.g. disease phenotypes)

Policy Issues considered

Information Management and data sharing

ELSI

Coordination and governance

Website Swiss Personalised Health Network

Cohort Size **Cohort Description** Type of Genomic Data Disease Areas

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#### **THAILAND**

Title Thailand's National Biotechnology Policy Framework (2012-2021)

Type of initiative Geographic Region Date Description

Date Description Policy Issues considered

Policy Issues considered

Advance critical platform technologies such as genome, nutrigenomics, pharmacogenomics, proteomics and drug discovery

Website Thailand National Biotechnology Policy Framework

Title Genomics Thailand

Type of Initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region Thailand

Date 2019-2023

Description A National Strategic Initiative on Precision Medicine

Strategy 1 Research Strategy 2 Service

Strategy 3 Bioinformatics Information Management

Strategy 4 Ethics, Law and Society Strategy 5 Human Development

Strategy 6 New manufacturing economy

Policy Issues considered •

Research – prioritisation of research area, clinical geneticist and genetic counsellor training

 Informatics – high performance computing, bioinformatician training, bioinformatic pipelines, genome data analysis service

 Service – genetic technology assessment, quality assurance program for genetic tests, BRCA1/2, Hereditary Colon Cancer and pharmacogenomic tests, guidelines for clinical geneticists, establishment of a Society for Human Genetics, Genetics test and treatment coverage package

Social and Ethical issues – Genetic nondiscrimination Act, Ethical, Legal and Social

implications program

Website Genomics Thailand

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# **TURKEY**

Title Turkish Genome Project

Type of Initiative Population-specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Turkey

Date 2017

Description The Turkish Genome Project is planned in two phases:

the first targeting 100,000 genomes in the next 3 years, and then reaching to 1,000,000 genomes before 2023. A major component of the project will be on complex phenotypes with high heritability index such as obesity, diabetes, cardiovascular, neuropsychiatric, endocrine, and rheumatologic diseases. A parallel-executed component will focus on rare diseases, an area that Turkey has contributed significantly over the years. And yet another major component of the project is on cancer with particular emphasis on familial forms of these

diseases.

Policy Issues considered

Website Turkish Genome Project

Cohort Size 100,000 (phase one), 1,000,000 (phase two)

Cohort Description Healthy individuals plus rare and complex disease

patients

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas Rare diseases, complex diseases and familial cancer

Title Turkish Genome Project

Type of initiative Population-specific genetic variation study

Geographic Region Turkey

Date 2017

Description

Policy Issues considered

Website Turkish Genome Project

Cohort Size 100,000

Cohort Description Healthy individuals plus rare and complex disease

patients

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas Rare and complex diseases

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# **UNITED KINGDOM**

Title	Building on our inheritance - Genomic technology in healthcare - A report by the Human Genomics Strategy Group
Type of initiative	Policy / Implementation Framework
Geographic Region	United Kingdom
Date	2012
Description	
Policy Issues considered	<ul> <li>Translating genomic innovation to establish clinical validity and utility</li> <li>Service delivery: commissioning and utilising genomic technology</li> <li>Biomedical informatics: underpinning genomics</li> <li>Preparing the workforce</li> <li>Developing the legal and ethical framework</li> <li>Engaging the public and building awareness</li> </ul>
Website	Building on our inheritance

Title Genomics England

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region United Kingdom - England

Date 2013 -

Description approx. £300 million originally over 4 years from 2014-

2017 but subsequently extended to 2018 to sequence 100,000 genomes. Includes public, private and

philanthropic contributions

Extended further in September 2018 with commitment from Secretary of State for Health and Social Care for:

expansion of the 100,000 Genomes Project to see 1 million whole genomes sequenced by the NHS and UK Biobank in five years

from 2019, the NHS will offer whole genome analysis for all seriously ill children with a suspected genetic disorder, including those with cancer and the NHS will also offer the same for all adults suffering from certain rare diseases or hard to treat cancers

an aspiration to sequence 5 million genomes in the UK, within an unprecedented five-year period

Policy Issues considered •

Sequencing challenge

Data challenge

Security challenge

Delivery benefits to patients

Ethical issues – consent, privacy, confidentiality, ownership/commercialisation benefits

Industry development

Website Genomics England

Cohort Size 1,000,000 - 5,000,000

Cohort Description NHS patients who have certain rare diseases, plus their

families, or those who have cancers that fit inclusion

criteria

Type of Genomic Data WGS

Disease Areas Rare Diseases

Cancer

Title Generation Genome – Annual Report of the Chief

**Medical Officer** 

Type of initiative Complete Integration / Implementation Roadmap

Geographic Region United Kingdom - England

Date 2016

Description The report discusses the current state of genomic

service provision in the NHS in England. It explores the potential of genomics to improve health and prevent ill-

health

Policy Issues considered Systems and services including governance

Research

Data, Standards and Regulation

Engaging staff and patients

Other

Website Generation Genome

Title Genome UK - The future of healthcare

Type of Initiative Complete Integration / Implementation Roadmap Geographic Region United Kingdom Date 2020 Description Over the next ten years the ambition is to create the most advanced genomic healthcare system in the world, underpinned by the latest scientific advances, to deliver better health outcomes at lower cost. This will be done by: working together across the four nations and reducing boundaries between clinical care and research supporting earlier detection and faster diagnoses use genomics to target interventions to specific groups of patients support patients in understanding what genomics means for their health bring the full might of the capabilities in this field to bear against new global pandemics and threats to public health Diagnosis and personalised medicine, Prevention & Policy Issues considered •

- Research
- Engagement and dialogue with the public, patients and the healthcare workforce
- Workforce development
- Supporting industrial growth in the UK
- Maintaining trust through ethical frameworks, data security and appropriate regulation
- Delivering nationally coordinated approaches to data and analytics

Website Genome UK

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#### **UNITED STATES**

Title National Human Genome Research Institute Strategic

Plan - Charting a course for genomic medicine from

base pairs to bedside

Type of initiative Policy / Implementation Framework

Geographic Region United States of America

Date 2011

Description

Policy Issues considered •

Imperatives for genomic medicine - making genomics-based diagnostics routine, defining the genetic components of disease, comprehensive characterization of cancer genomes, practical systems for clinical genomic informatics, the role of the human microbiome in health and disease

 Bioinformatics and computational biology - data analysis, data integration, visualization, computational tools and infrastructure, training.

 Education and training - strengthening primary and secondary education, conducting public outreach, building healthcare providers' genomic competencies, preparing the next generation of genomics researchers

 Genomics and society - psychosocial and ethical issues in genomics research, psychosocial and ethical issues in genomic medicine, legal and public policy issues, broader societal issues

Website Charting a Course for Genomic Medicine

Title All of Us

Type of initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region United States of America

Date 2016

Description US\$300 million (as at FY 2017 budget)

Policy Issues considered Biobanking

Communications and engagement

Data and Research support Participate Technology systems

Website All of Us

Cohort Size 1,000,000+

Cohort Description Anyone over the age of 18 who is living in the United

States will be able to join the All of Us Research Program, either directly through the JoinAllofUs.org website or through participating health care provider

organizations. Genomes, health records and

physiological measurements

Type of Genomic Data Pilot phase – whole genome genotyping and WGS

Disease Area Recruitment is not specific to a patient group or

disease area. It is open to all

Title Project Baby Bear

Type of Initiative Demonstration Project / alliance / initiative

Geographic Region United States of America - California

Date 2018, 2-year duration

Description A \$2 million state-funded initiative will work with infants

on Medi-Cal from four different cities: Fresno, Oakland, Sacramento and San Diego. The goal is to derive genetic diagnoses for at least 100 children admitted to

neonatal intensive care units (NICU) in their

communities with severe but unexplained symptoms.

Policy Issues considered Rapid whole genome sequencing of Medical-enrolled

infants for diagnosis of genetic diseases and genomic medicine guidance in California Children's Services

neonatal and pediatric intensive care units

Website Rady Children's Institute for Genomic Medicine

Cohort Size ~125

Cohort Description Seriously ill infants in CCS-accredited NICUs and PICUs

Type of Genomic Data Rapid whole genome sequencing

Disease Area Childhood onset genetic diseases

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